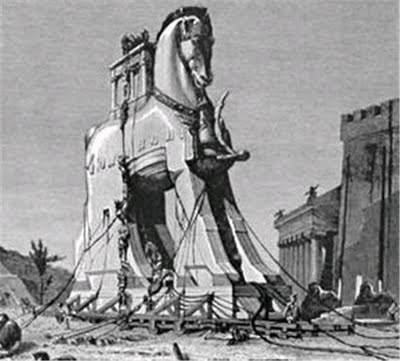
Name\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Period\_\_\_\_\_

Chapter 6:1 “The Rise of Greek Civilization”

Study Guide

**Vocabulary: Write the definition for each word**

1. **Peninsula-**

**2. Epic-**

**3. Acropolis-**

**4. City-state-**

**5. Aristocrat-**

**6. Tyrant-**

**7. Democracy-**

**8. “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are the major landform of Greece.”**

**9. How/why did the geography of Greece make it hard for different communities to get together?**

**10. Each Greek community “developed its own \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”**

**11. Why did the Greeks fight each other so much, even though they all shared a common heritage, spoke the same language, and worshipped the same gods?**

**12. According to Greek mythology, how /why did the TROJAN WAR start?**

**13. How long was the Trojan War?**

**14. How did the Greeks eventually win the Trojan War with the “Trojan Horse?” (see box and description on page 155)**

**15. What poet wrote down the oral traditions (stories) of Greek mythology?**

**16. What are some reasons why Greece fell into what was known as the “Dark Ages of Greece?” (name at least 3 reasons)**

**1.**

**2.**

**3.**

**17. What kinds of people ruled the early city-states? EXPLAIN a little bit about what the book says about these people.**

**18. As Greek trade picked up again, what kinds of people began ruling in place of the aristocracy?**

**19. Were tyrants always cruel and violent?**

**20. Look at the picture of the Acropolis in Athens, Greece on page 157. Why would the Athenian people go there during times of attack and invasions?**

**21. In which Greek city was DEMOCRACY most “fully expressed?”**

**22. A. What were three laws that the Athenian ruler, Solon, created?**

**B. Why would these laws have been popular with the Greek citizens?**

**23. What kinds of people in Athens were NOT able to participate in democracy?**